



In the Name of God, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful

No. 2848007

16 March 2026

Excellency,

Upon the instructions from my Government and pursuant to my letters of 3, 7 and 9 March 2026 (S/2026/121- S/2026/139-S/2026/146), and in response to letters from the Permanent Mission of the State of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary General and the Security Council, including the letter dated 8 March (S/2026/143), I wish to inform Your Excellency and the members of the Security Council of the following:

Based on the monitoring and assessments conducted by the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran, it has been ascertained that the aggressors have utilised the territory and airspace of the State of Qatar for the purposes of planning, preparation, equipping, and carrying out unlawful military attacks against the Islamic Republic of Iran since the beginning of the war. Certain recent instances thereof are set forth as follows:

- At 06:16 on 12 March 2026, United States F-16SV fighter aircraft, by utilising and transiting through the airspace of the State of Qatar, proceeded to bombard targets within the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- At 15:54 on 12 March 2026, a United States F-35 fighter aircraft, by utilising and transiting through the airspace of the State of Qatar, proceeded to bombard targets within the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
- At 05:27 on 13 March 2026, United States F-15E fighter aircraft, by utilising and transiting through the airspace of the State of Qatar, proceeded to bombard targets within the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

As stated in the aforementioned communications from the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Secretary General and the Security Council, under the fundamental principle of international law, states are prohibited from knowingly allowing their territory to be used, directly or indirectly, to cause damage to other States. Furthermore, as a principle of international law emanating from the *jus cogens* character of “prohibition of aggression”, States must undertake all necessary measures to prevent foreign armed forces based in their territory from committing acts of aggression against other States and must not facilitate or support such acts.

Accordingly, in light of the well-established international responsibility of States arising from placing their territory at the disposal of others for the commission of acts of aggression and the conduct of armed attacks against the territory of a third State, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran expresses its strong and unequivocal objection to the aforementioned unlawful actions and strictly calls upon the Government of the State of Qatar to



observe the principles of good-neighbourliness and to prevent the continued use of its territory against the Islamic Republic of Iran.

The Islamic Republic of Iran, while remaining committed to the principle of good-neighbourliness and respect for the sovereignty of the State of Qatar, reserves its right under international law to take all necessary and appropriate measures, including the exercise of its inherent right of self-defence, in order to safeguard its sovereignty, territorial integrity, and political independence.

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter circulated as an official document of the Security Council.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Amit Saeid Iravani
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

H.E. Mr. António Guterres
Secretary-General
United Nations, New York

Cc:
H.E. Mr. Michael G. Waltz
President of the Security Council
United Nations, New York